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Netherlands Perl Workshop 2010

OH HA!!

Metamodels sound a little scary... Θ

...but don't worry, I'm just going to tell you a story. 🕲

Chapter 1

The anthropomorphic class

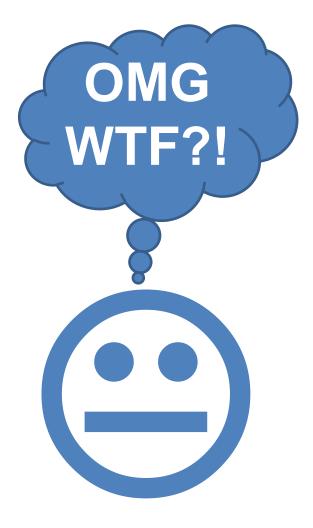
Once upon a time, l wrote a class.

```
class Stroopwafel is Cake {
   has $!area;
   has $.filling;
   method eat() {
      for 1..$area {
        say "om nom nom nom nom";
      }
```

I thought my work was done, and I could go for a beer.



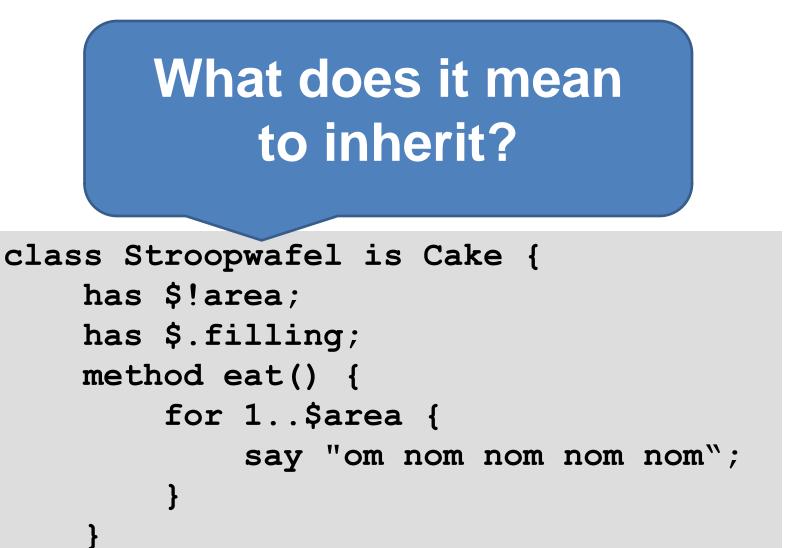
But then my class started asking me questions...



```
How was
            created?
class Stroopwafel is Cake {
   has $!area;
   has $.filling;
   method eat() {
       for 1..$area {
           say "om nom nom nom nom";
```

What does it mean to have methods?

```
class Stroopwafel is Cake {
   has $!area;
   has $.filling;
   method eat() {
      for 1..$area {
        say "om nom nom nom nom";
      }
}
```



Do other classes all behave like me?

```
class Stroopwafel is Cake {
   has $!area;
   has $.filling;
   method eat() {
      for 1..$area {
        say "om nom nom nom nom";
      }
```

What about prototype OO?

```
class Stroopwafel is Cake {
   has $!area;
   has $.filling;
   method eat() {
     for 1..$area {
        say "om nom nom nom nom";
     }
}
```

But I didn't know how to answer.

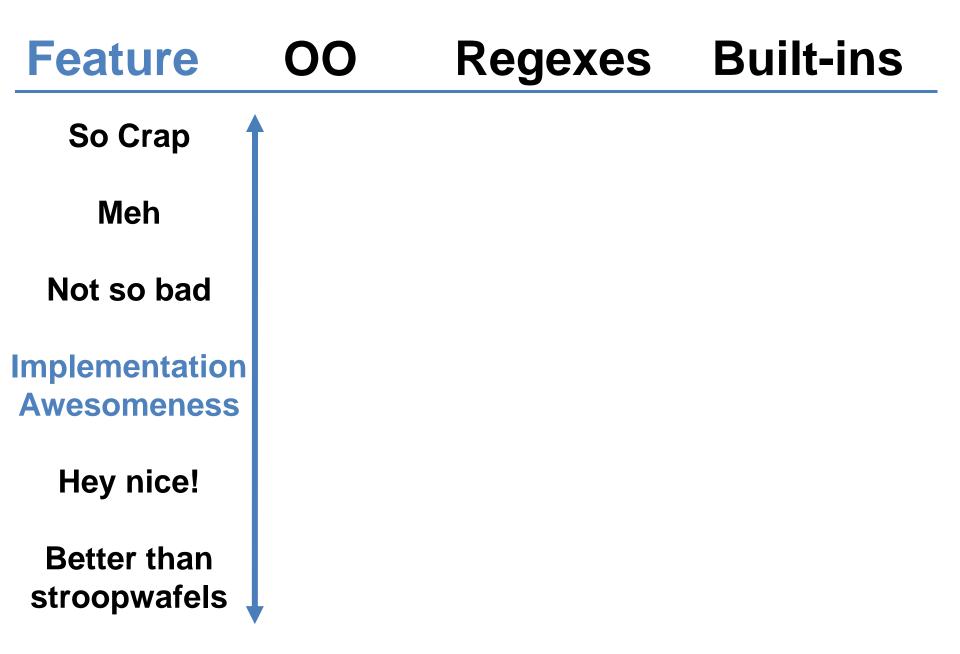


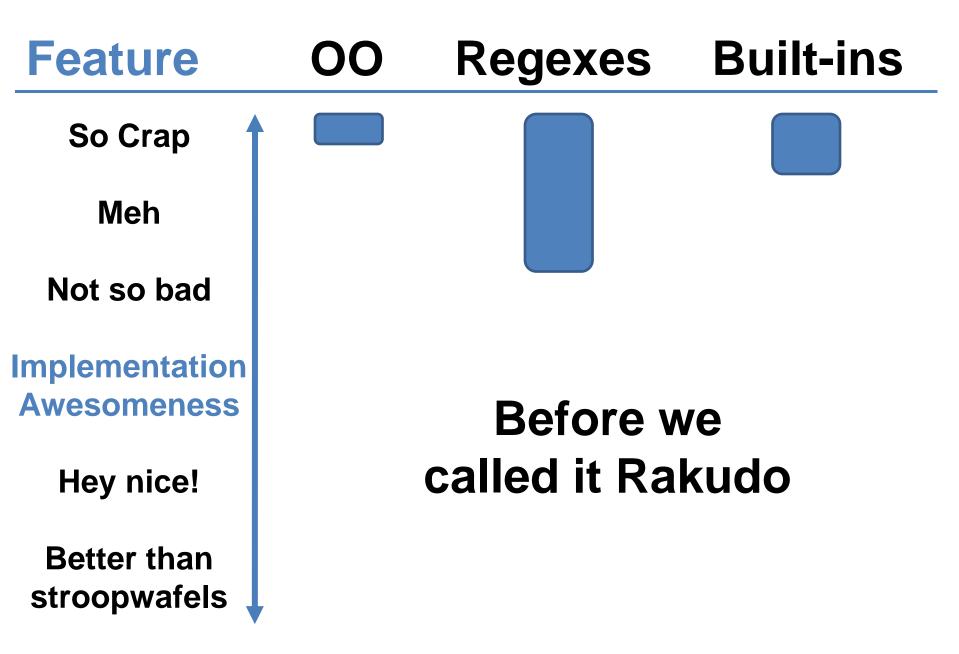
Chapter 2

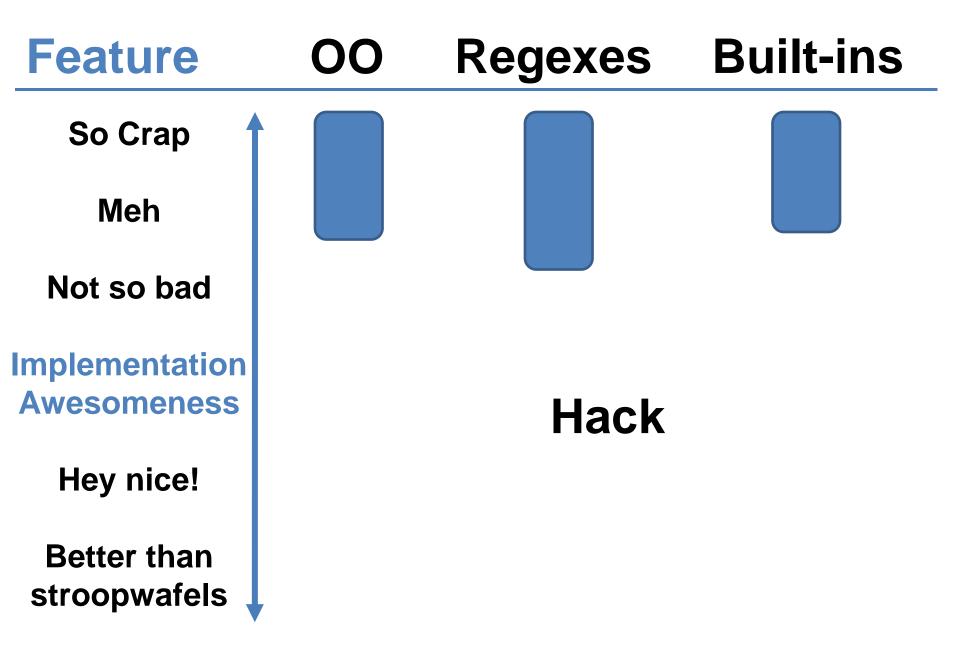
jnthn tries to implement Perl 6 00

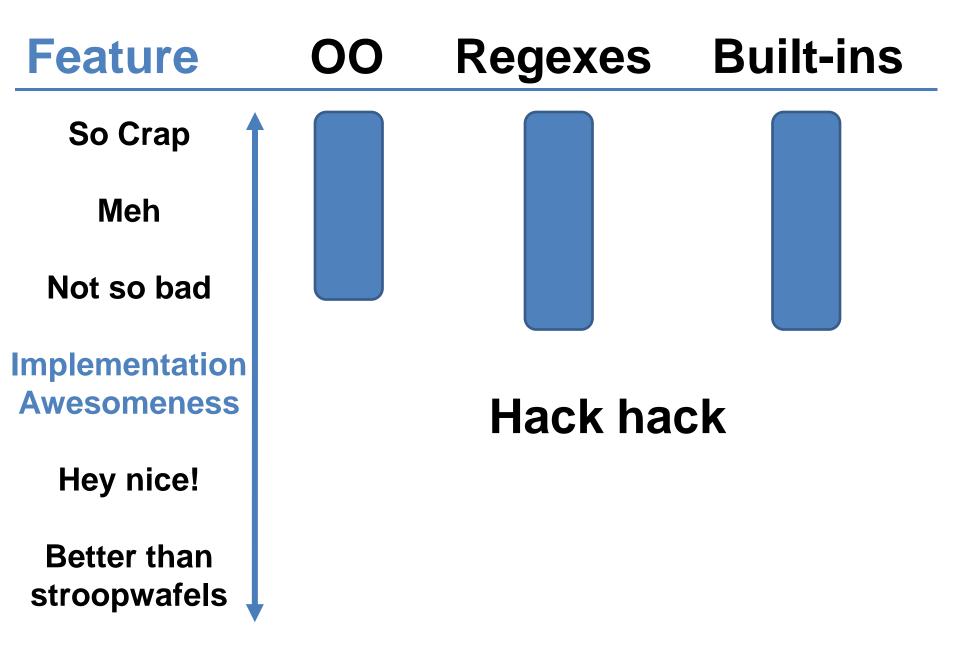
Rakudo development is generally breadth-first.

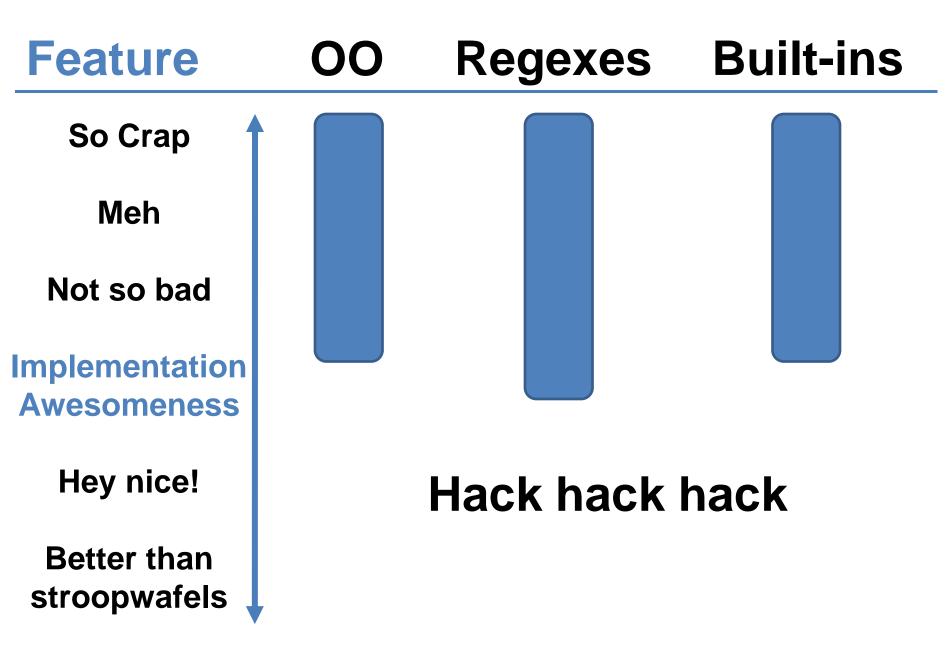
Feature OO Regexes Built-ins

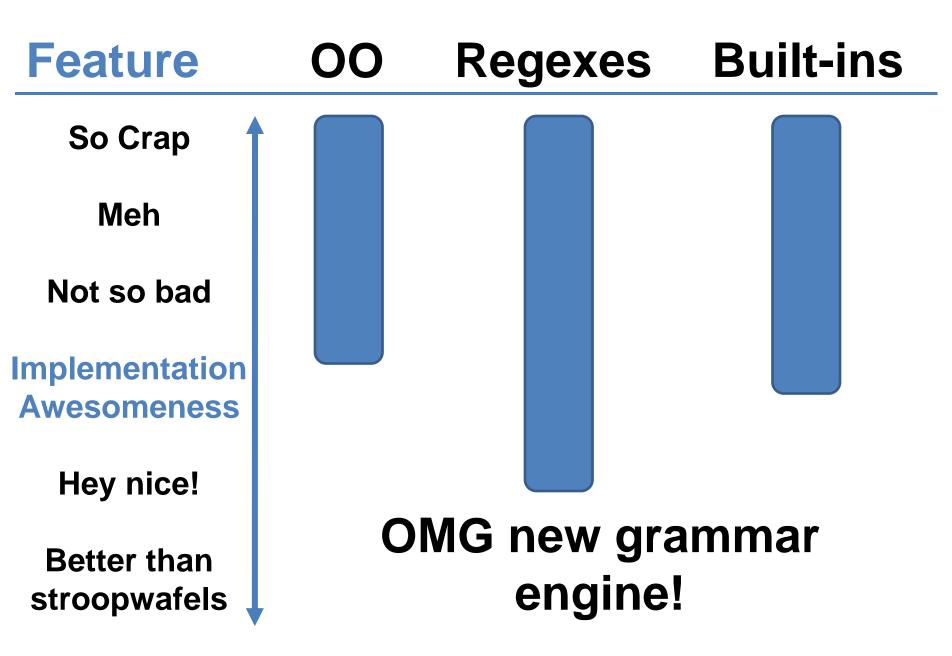


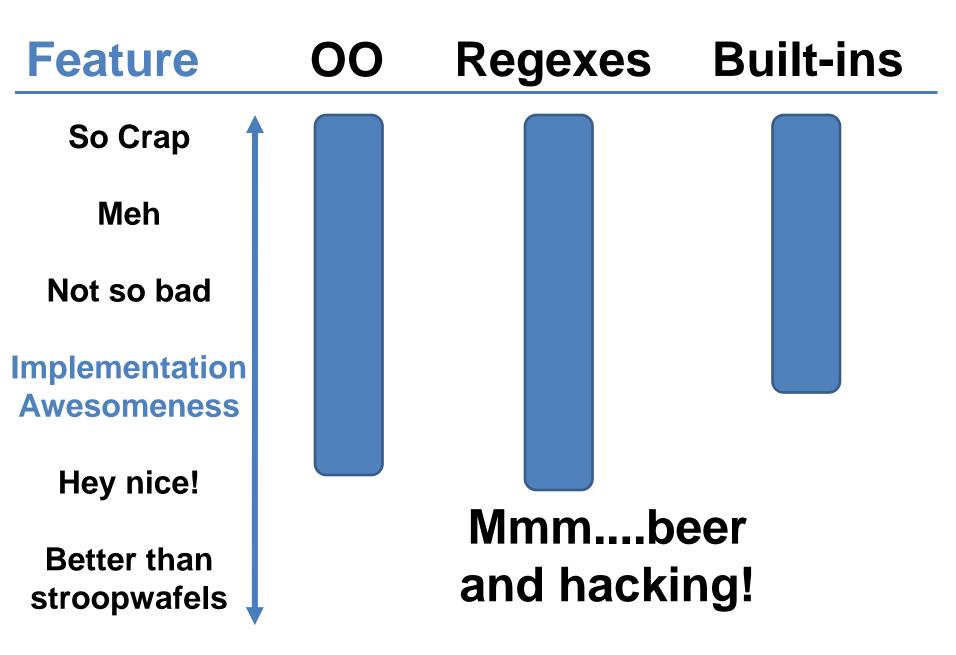












Means you get a compiler with some coverage of many features...

...meaning that people can start to write programs...

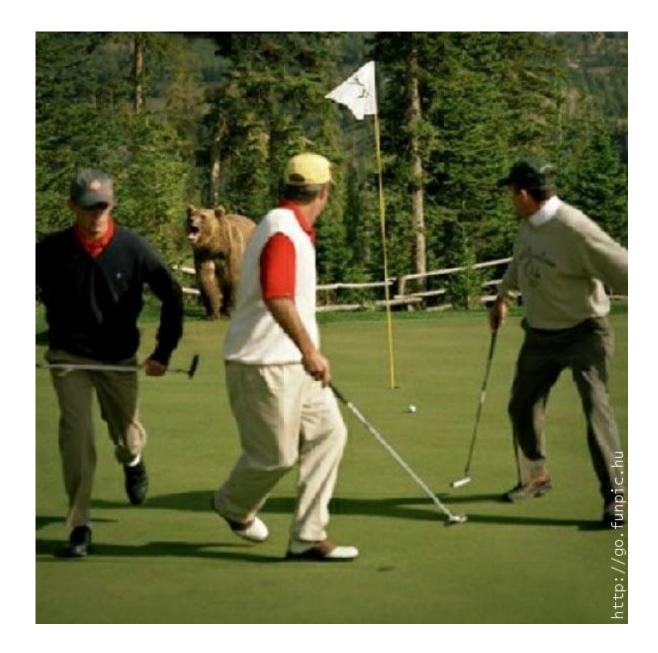
...and then complete and improve features over time.

```
STD.pm
token package declarator:class {
    :my $*PKGDECL := 'class';
    <sym> <package def>
token package declarator:grammar {
    :my $*PKGDECL := 'grammar';
    <sym> <package def>
}
token package declarator:role {
    :my $*PKGDECL := 'role';
    <sym> <package def>
```

}

```
STD.pm
token package declarator(class) {
    :my $*PKGDECL := 'class';
    <sym> <package def>
token package declarator:grammar
    :my $*PKGDECL := 'grammar';
    <sym> <package def>
}
token package declarator(:role) {
    :my $*PKGDECL := 'role';
    <sym> <package def>
}
```

First cut(s): needed something that works, so fairly hard coded.





Having the details all hard-coded bloats the compiler



Not extensible, so no way to add more package types in future

Chapter 3 **Metamodels** to the rescue!

Just when I thought I'd never work it out...



...along came **Metamodel Man!** OH HAI!



He gave me knowledge of the wonder of metamodels.

WIN!



So what is a metamodel?

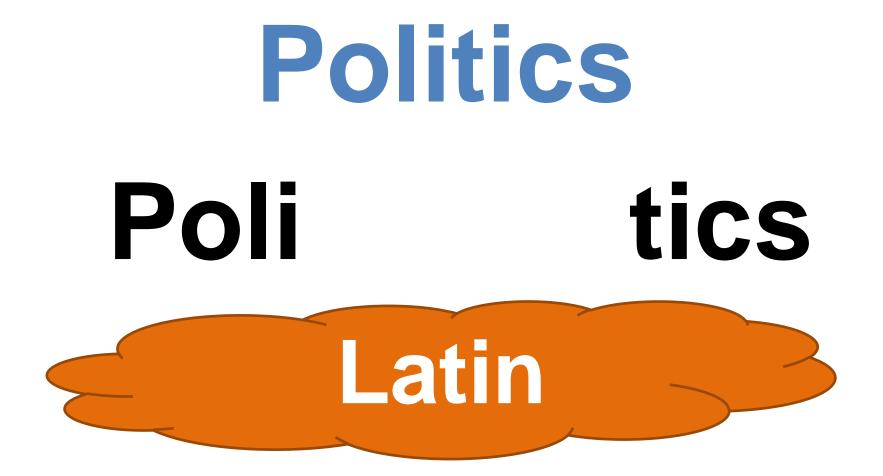
Can understand a word from its parts.

Politics

Politics

Poli

tics



Politics Poli tics Latin Blood Many sucking creatures

Metamodel

MetamodelMetamodel

Metamodel Meta model **Because I said so**

Metamodel Meta model **Because I said so** Things ...objects that in our describe... system.

Each package type maps to some "metapackage" type class => ClassHOW role => RoleHOW

Compile a class definition...

```
class Stroopwafel is Cake {
   has $!area;
   has $.filling;
   method eat() {
     for 1..$area {
        say "om nom nom nom nom";
     }
}
```

...to calls on a metaclass instance.

```
my $temp = ClassHOW.new('Stroopwafel');
trait mod:<is>($temp, Cake);
$temp.^add attribute(Attribute.new(
    name => '$!filling', has accessor => True
));
$temp.^add attribute(Attribute.new(
    name => '$!area`
));
$temp.^add method('eat', method () {
    . . .
});
my $type-object = $temp.^compose();
```

The semantics of a class are whatever the **ClassHOW metaclass** decides that they are.

Differences between package types can be encapsulated in the meta-packages.

Means that programmers are able to create their own types of package cleanly.

...and they all lived hackily ever after.

The End